Activities and plans of LIFE Living rivers project - on migration passability of Gabčíkovo structures



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From Iron Gates to Gabčíkovo Water Structures, 16 May 2024, Bratislava, VÚVH





Project

Implementation of the river basin management plan in selected riversub-basins in Slovakia



Call	LIFE Strategic Nature and Integrated Projects (SNaP/SIP)	F
Acronym	LIFE21-IPE-SK-LIFE Living Rivers	
Project code	101 069 837	
Duration	1.1.2023 - 31. 12. 2032	
Budget	27 799 402,33 €	
EU contribution	16 677 073,39 €	

























Funding



Program

Programme for Environment and Climate Action (LIFE)

Strategic Integrated Project (SIP)

Sub-programme: Circular Economy and quality of life

Thematic priority: Water

Support the full implementation of the following plans and strategies:

River basin management plans pursuant to Annex VII to the Water Framework Directive, Flood Risk Management Plans pursuant to the Floods Directive or Marine Strategies pursuant to the Marine Strategy Framework Directive

Project partners









International cooperation

6 public bodies

3 NGOs

1 university

Stakeholders



Jihočeská univerzita v Českých Budějovicích University of South Bohemia in České Budějovice













Key EU documents and directives

- Water Framework directive 2000/60/EC
- EU Floods directive 2007/60/EC
- European Union Strategy for the Danube Region (EUSDR)
- The Convention on Co-operation for the Protection and Sustainable Use of the River Danube (Danube River Protection Convention -DRPC)
- EU Habitats Directive 92/43/EEC,
- EU Birds directive 2009/147/EC
- Convention on the Conservation of European Wildlife and Natural Habitats (Bern convention),
- Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals (Bonn convention),
- Pan-European Action Plan for Sturgeons
- Biodiversity Strategy 2030
- EU Strategy on Adaptation to Climate Change
- European Green Deal
- Nature Restoration Law in preparation





National policy

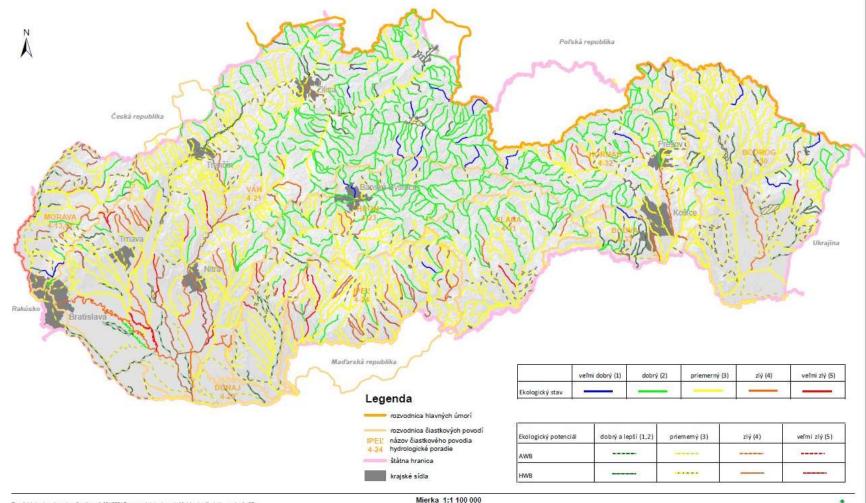


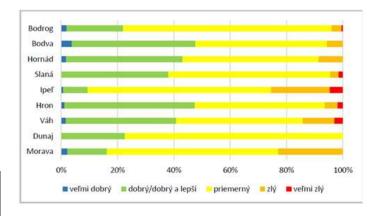
Water Policy Conception (2021-2030 with prospects till 2050) – adopted by the government 1.6.2022

The 3rd River Basin Management Plan (2021-2027) adopted by the government 11.5.2022



Ecological status of water bodies 2013-2018





59 %

Water bodies failed to reach good ecological status/potential



Main project goal

- Implementation of the 3rd RBMP of the Danube (2021-2027) - ecological targets of the WFD to achieve good GES/GEP of surface water bodies
- Active measures (in the field) on:



344

Water bodies

km













Indicators



biotopes



side-arms



removed/modified















Key topics

HYMO measures

management of protected areas

sustainable forest management



sustainable land managament

native fish species, sturgeons

water quality measures on local scale

How?

Planning

Monitoring

Implementation

Stakeholders





Cooperation

Capacity building

Communication

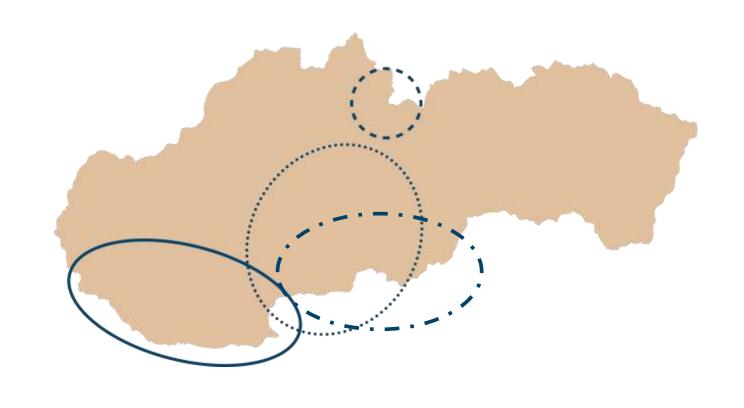
Mobilisation

Replication



Project sub-basins

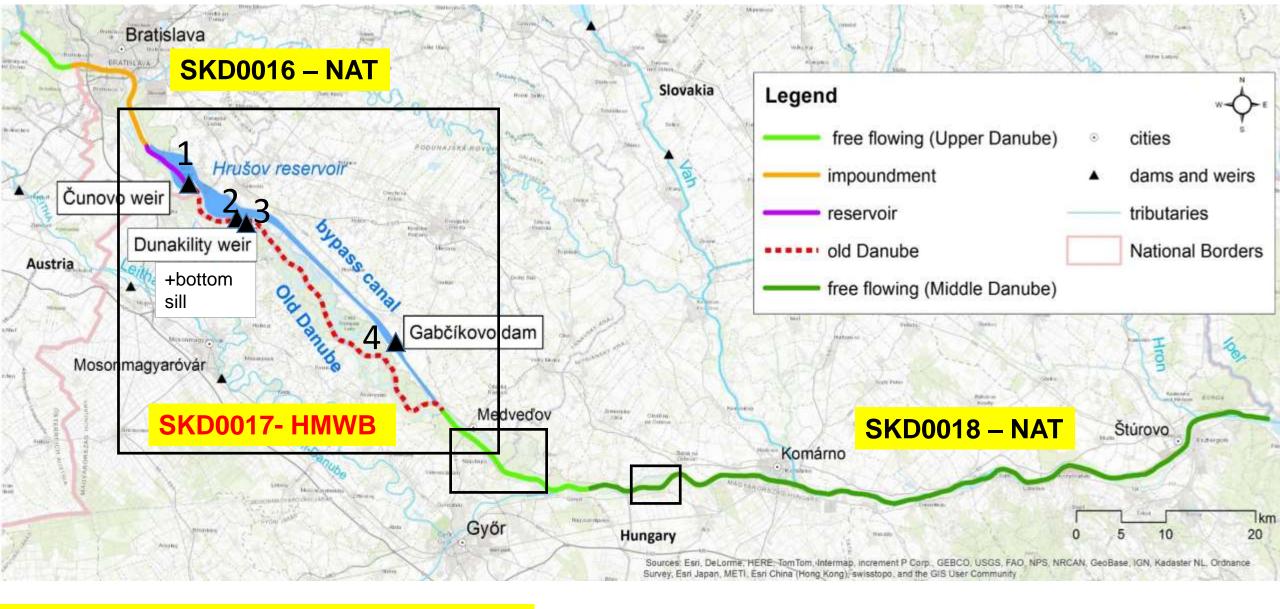




19 Natura 2000 sites

The Danube

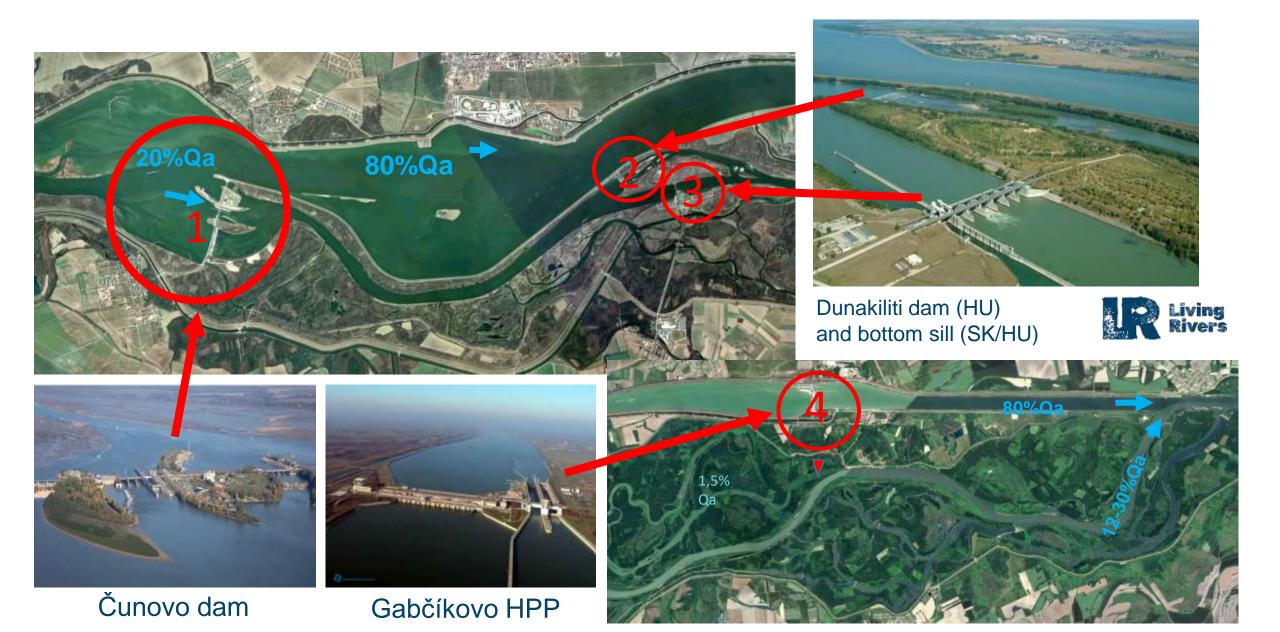




Ecological status/potential: 3 (moderate)

Slovak section of the Danube river: 172 km

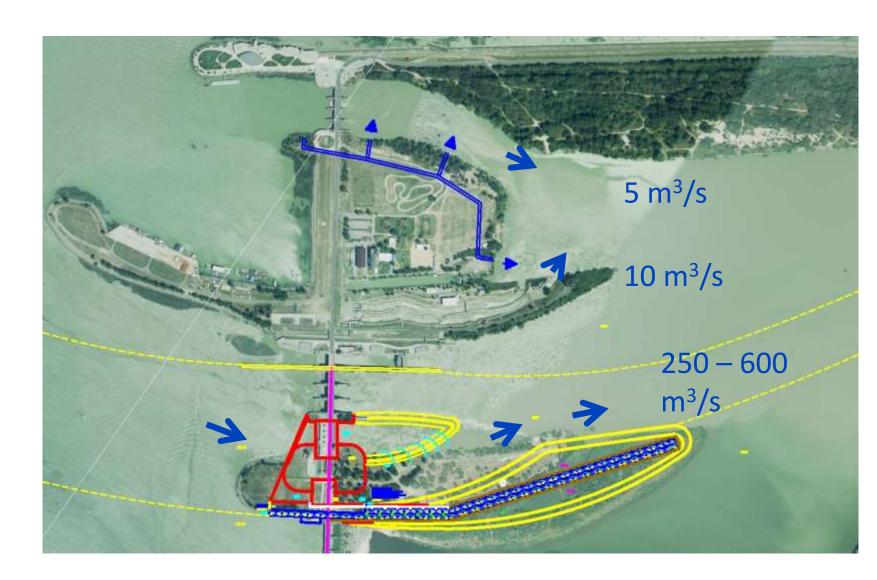
Barriers on the Danube and canal



Čunovo dam



- Reconstruction of HPP –
 2nd HPP being projected
 ca 2028-2032 in
 operation
- Main fishpass: giant sturgeon (size 4 m), sterlet - acipenser ruthenus, barbus barbus, aspius aspius
- Secondary fishpass slow migratory species



Reconstruction of Čunovo II.: HPP + fishpass



- Expert working group engineers, biologists, Danube river and sturgeon experts from Slovakia (7 institutions involved)
- Document "Complex proposal of measures and recommendations for a spectrum of target fish species" – developed according to Decree 383/2018 Z.z., SK methodology on fishpass construction (2015/2023) and the latest scientific knowledge – given to the investor
 - List of expected fish species in the river reach (37 original, 9 non-original species) will be updated according to the monitoring results (latest in 2025); plus potential fish species: *huso huso*; determination of fish zone as a basis for technical solutions
 - All technical variants based on the methodology were considered systematically, including removal of weir, the best close to nature solution, bypass channel, in-channel ramp, pools etc. –
 - Variants rejected if inappropriate, technically not feasible, or high financial costs expected







Čunovo main fishpass

- Recommended type for the main fishpass: Type 7 pool fishpass, in the island, preferably with stone-gravel bottom; on the lower end fixed with concrete (flood discharges etc.)
- Fish: giant sturgeon (size 4 m), sterlet acipenser ruthenus, barbus barbus, aspius aspius
- 107 pools, discharge 9,5 m³/s, additional discharge 5 m³/s, at the outflow 14,5 m³/s
- 2 variants of outflow considering operation of 2 HPPs



Pool fishpass parameters



Water level difference	8 cm	
Max velocities in slots	1,25 m/s	
Min. velocities in slots	0,75 m/s	
Slot width	3,2 m	(4x
fish width)		
Pool size	10 x 12 m	(4x
fish length)		
Pool depth	2,50 m	(3x

fish height)

Depth on the outflow 4,50 m

Upper water level 130,10 - 131,10 m n.m.

Lower water level 123,80 m n.m. Q=800 m³/s

123,70 m n.m. Q=600 m³/s

123,16 m n.m. Q=400 m³/s (minimum for giant sturgeon)

 $122,50 \text{ m n.m.} \quad Q=250 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

Outflow bottom elevation 118,00 m n.m.

Čunovo main fishpass

Living Rivers

List of additional requirements

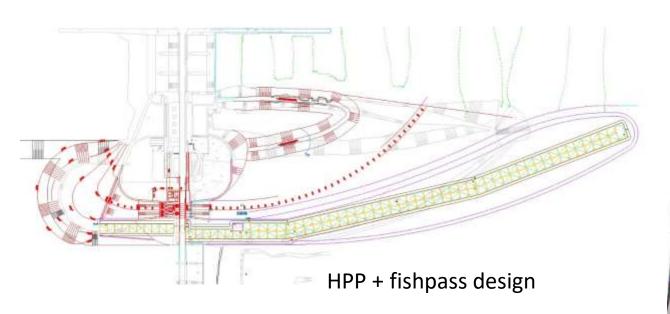
- 1-2. Combination of acoustic, electric and stroboscope fish deterrents near turbines
- 3. Rakes (with highest possible luminosity)
- 4. Fish friendly turbines
- 5. Waterfall acoustic attraction of fish on fishpass outflow (discharge 50 l/s)
- 6. Deepened channel (2,5 m) for fish from the outflow towards the Danube channel
- 7. Resting places with low velocities near the outflows
- 8. Resting pool with double volume
- 9. Shading by trees
- 10. Natural gravel bottom (20 cm)
- 11. Standing stones (15 cm)
- 12. Structured walls
- 13. Bioscanner and camera system
- 14. Ichtyological monitoring
- 15. Roads for maintenance

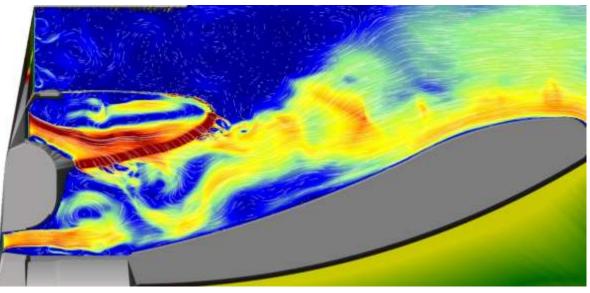


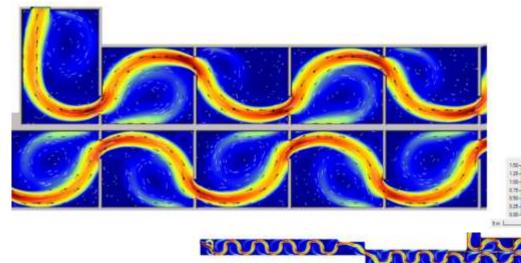


Modelling in progress





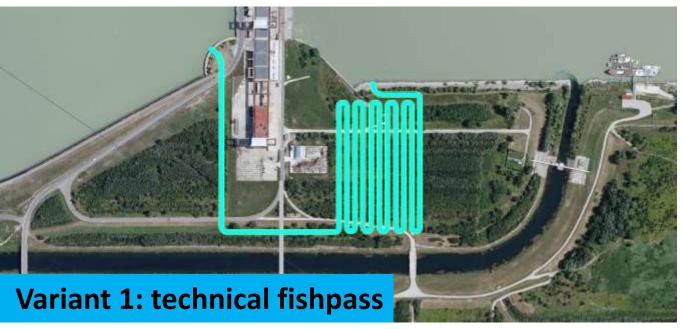




1.50 (m/s) 1.25 -1.00 -0.75 -0.50 -0.25 -0.00 -

Gabčíkovo HPP - Danube sidearm system (SK side)











Biocorridor via side-arm system + old channel

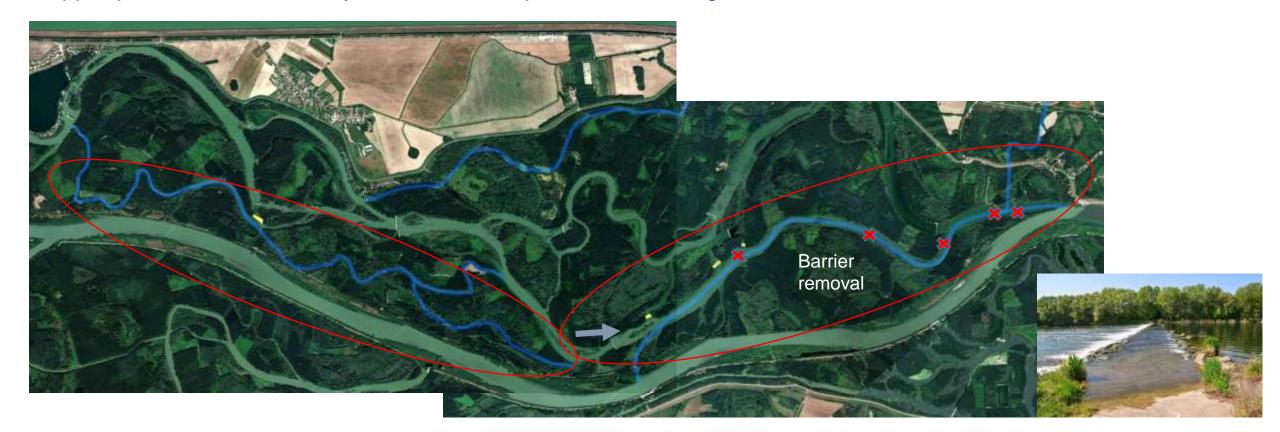


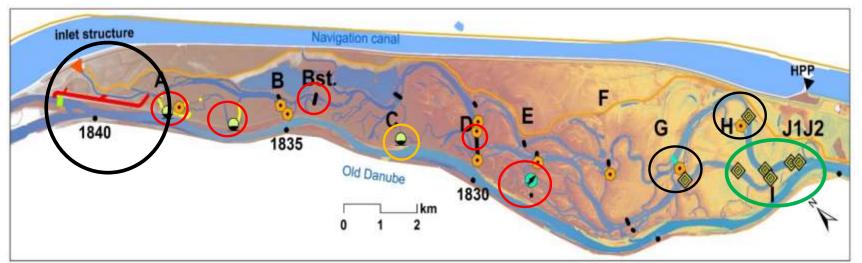
free flowing, without impoundments, gravel bed

Planning ongoing, updating 2D models;

8,2 km free-flowing branch via C1 - D3 - E3 - F3, discharge 10-15 m³/s.

5,8 km free flowing reach F3 – outflow - removal of weirs G3, H3, I2, J1, J2, discharge 30 - 50 m³/s. Upper part of the side-arm system – used as pools with existing weir, for simulated floods





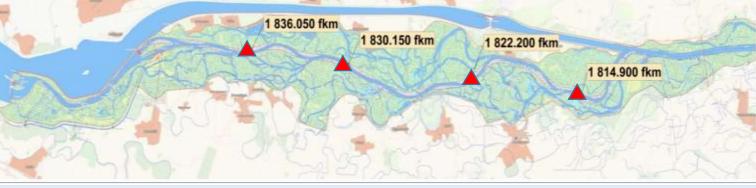




Legend Proposal of restoration measures € culvert structure enlardgement — inflow channel from the Danube € culvert construction (no longitudinal connection at present) ⊕ fishpass reconstruction sediment removal (side-arms reconnection) ☐ increase the number of existing culverts bottom sill to impound water in the Old Danube barrier altitude increase



New barriers on the Danube?



Insula magna – Hungarian project - need bilateral cooperation and harmonisation of plans

Complementary projects



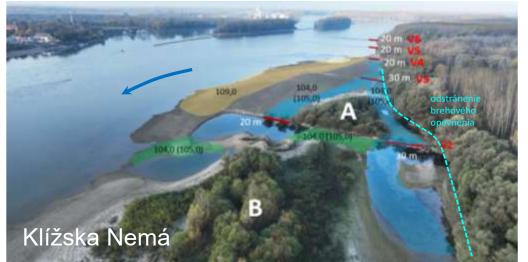


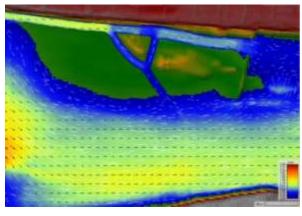
Side-arms reconnections, Groin reconstructions



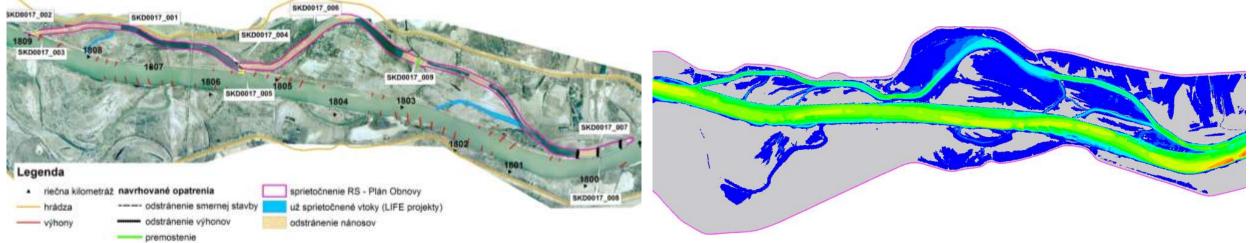


vtokový objekt





Velocities at low flow 1000 m3/s – scenario 2



Source: VÚVH studies

2023

- 20 000 sterlet individuals marked and stocked at 3 sites on the Danube
- Initial works for telemetric monitoring and ichtyological surveys













Thanks for attention

www.livingrivers.sk

















































