

Microplastic monitoring along the Tisza River: environmental take-home messages

Tímea Kiss,
Alexia Balla, Ahmed Mohsen

Aquatic Plastic,
University of Szeged

1. Preliminaries, aims

To map the micro- and macroplastic pollution of the Tisza
determine the environmental influencing factors

Spatial repetition:

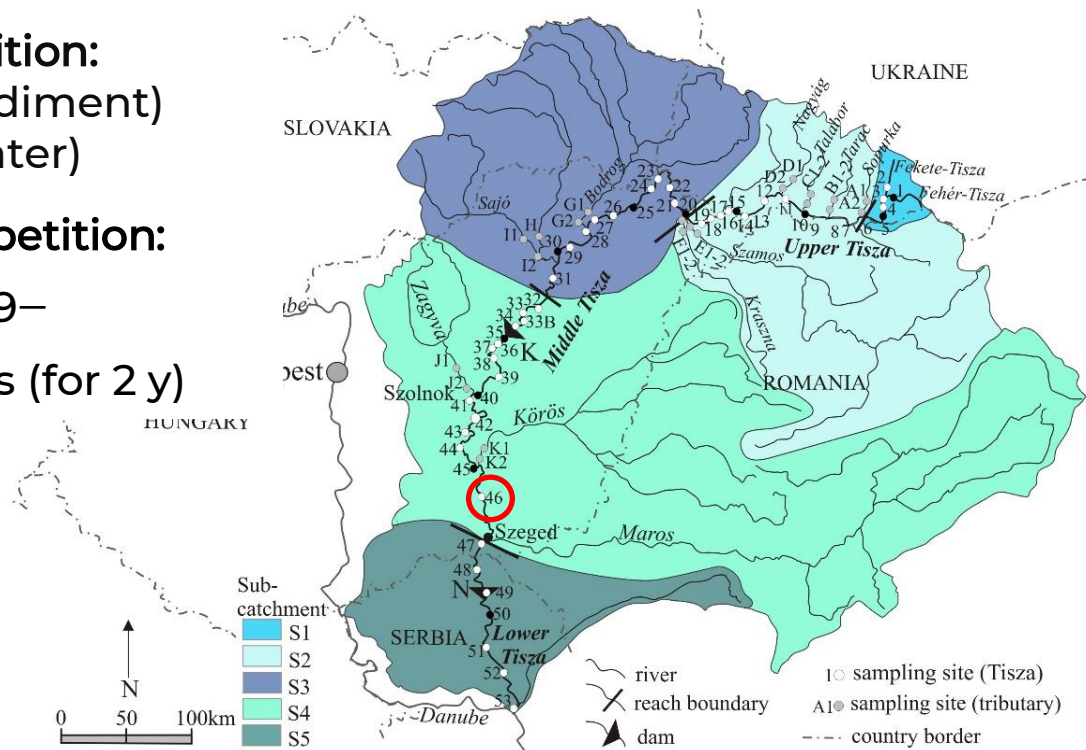
70 sites (sediment)

34 sites (water)

Temporal repetition:

annual: 2019–

every 5 days (for 2 y)



2. Results MiP in WATER

Mean MP concentrations (item/m³)

	<i>Tisza</i>	<i>Tributaries</i>
2021	19±13	n.d.
2022	22±14	27±19
2023	52±41	

Not measured (–)
Slight (0–9 item/m ³)
Moderate (10–19 item/m ³)
Intermediate (20–29 item/m ³)
Strong (30–39 item/m ³)
Very strong (40–49 item/m ³)
Extremely strong (≥50 item/m ³)

Highly varies:
in space and time



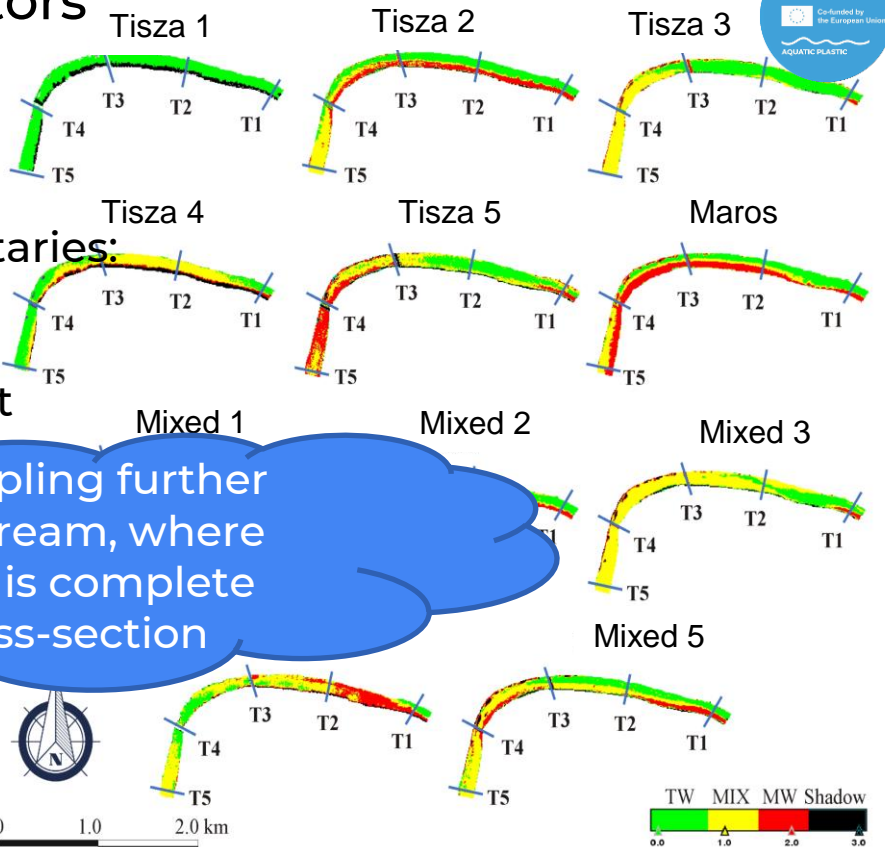
3. Influencing factors

A) Location of the sampling site

* Downstream of tributaries:
mixing of waters

* cross-section vs. point

Do sampling further
downstream, where
mixing is complete
+ cross-section

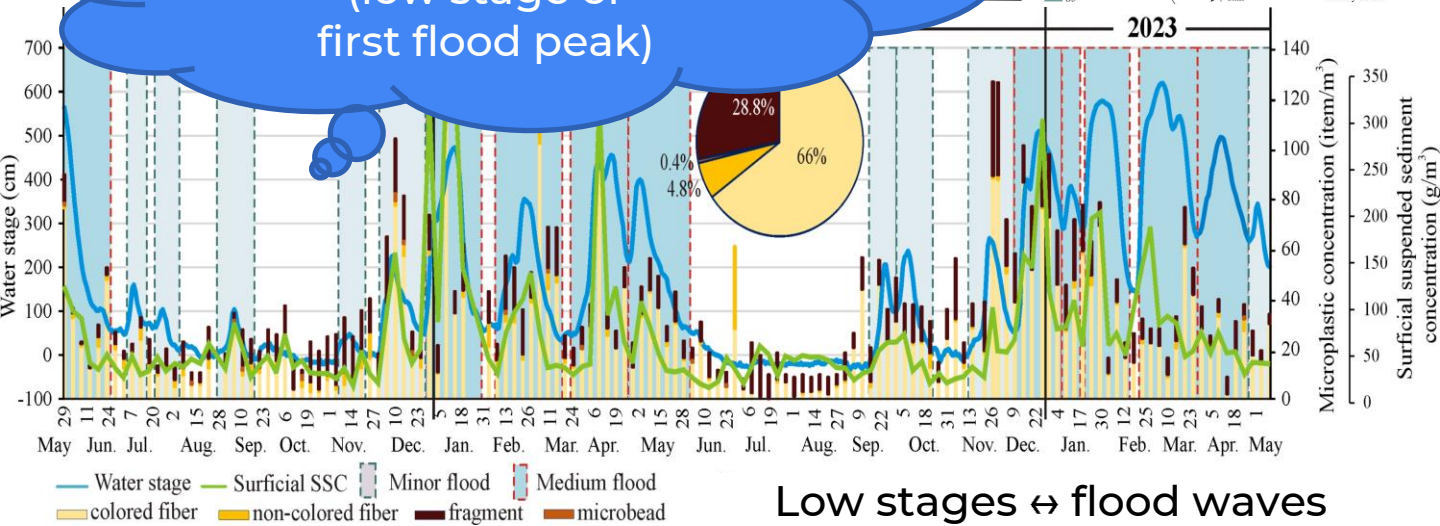


Mohsen et al. 2021: Sediment transport dynamism in the confluence area of two rivers transporting mainly suspended sediment based on Sentinel-2 satellite Images. WATER 13, No. 3132.

3. Influencing factors

B) Hydrology

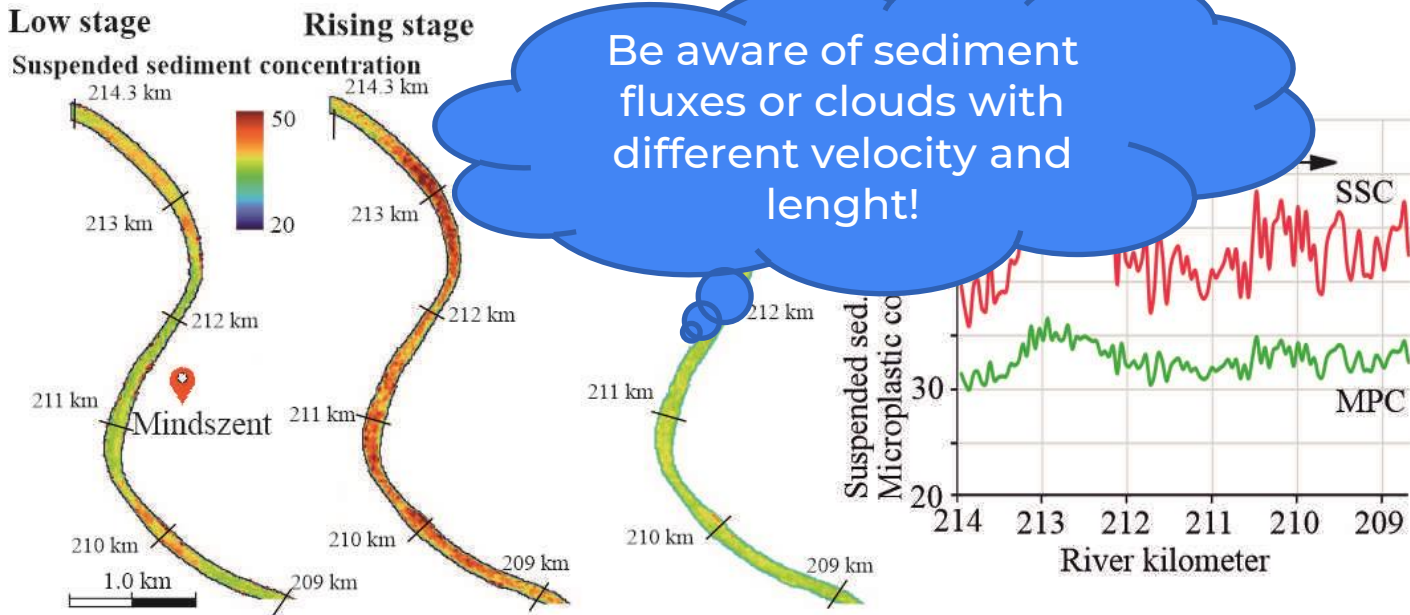
Sample at similar hydrological situation (low stage or first flood peak)



Mohsen A. et al., 2023: High spatiotemporal resolution analysis on suspended sediment and microplastic transport of a lowland river. Sci. Total Envi. 902, No. 166188

3. Influencing factors

C) Sediment and microplastic fluxes

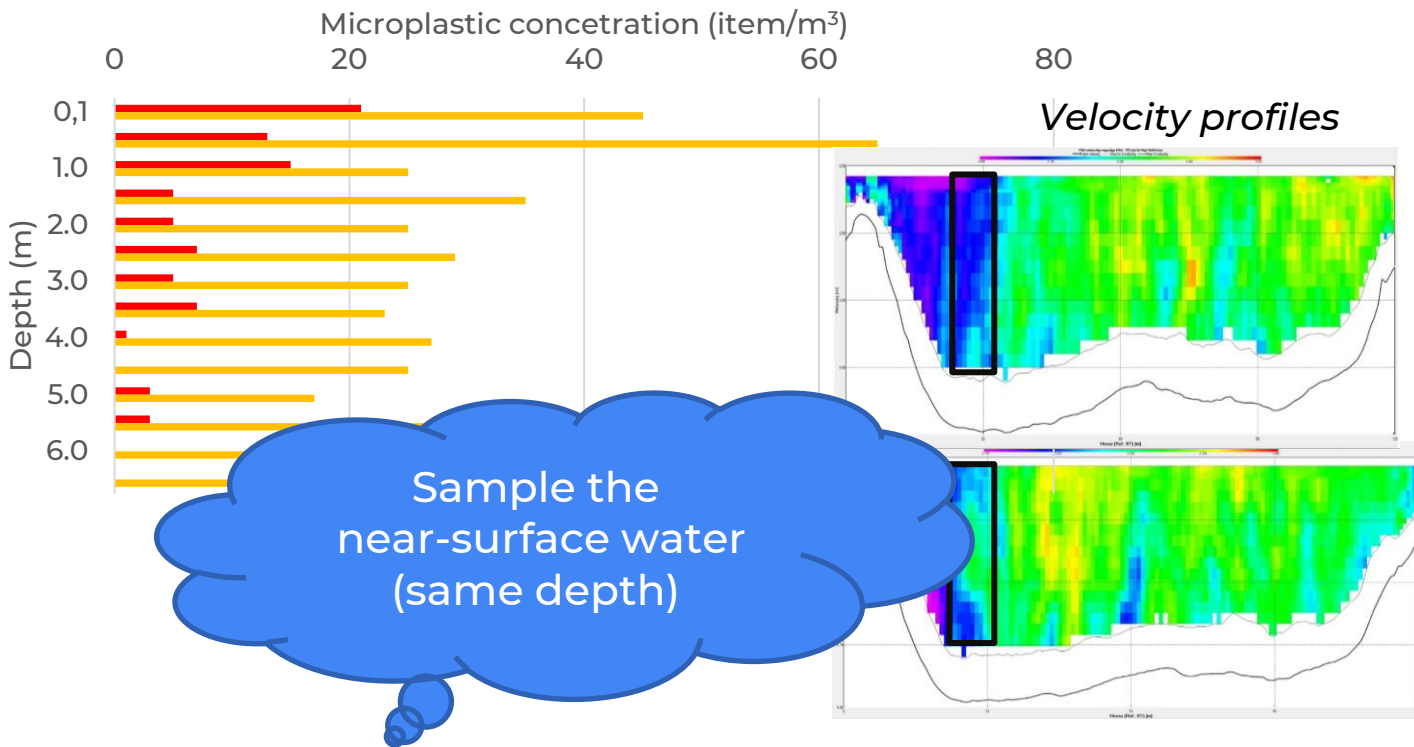


Estimation accuracy	R ²	RMSE	MAE
Balla A. et al., 2024 pollution in a flu	0.17	12.9 item/m ³	9.4 item/m ³
Mohsen A. et al. 20	0.88	7.8 item/m ³	10.8 item/m ³

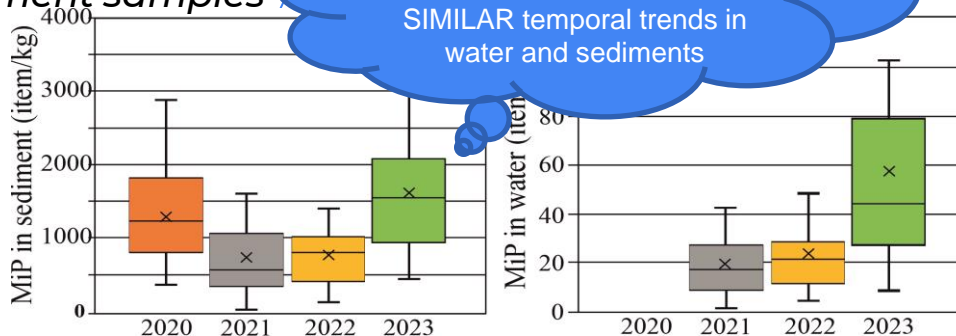
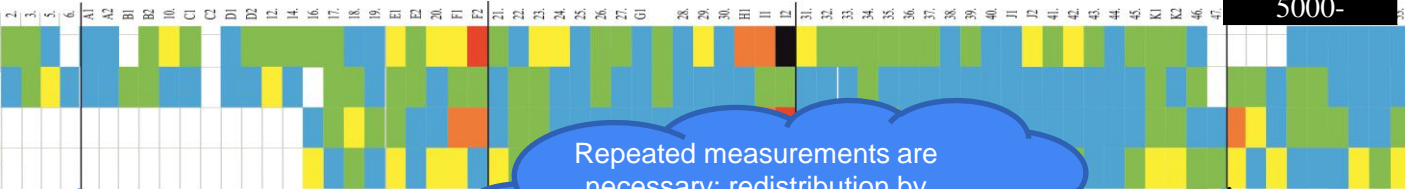
satellite images, neural network, and suspended sediment data as a proxy. Sensors 23, 9505.

3. Influencing factors

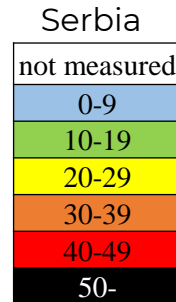
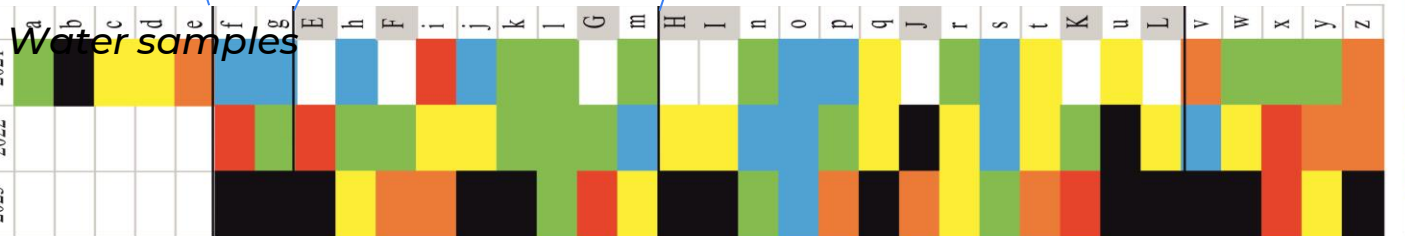
D) Depth of sampling



in water and in sediments



Repeated measurements are necessary: redistribution by flood waves
SIMILAR temporal trends in water and sediments



5. Conclusions, take-home messages

- ✓ Not only the analytical procedure should be standardised.
- ✓ The environmental conditions of the sampling should be carefully considered, recorded and published.
- ✓ The MiP content of the freshly deposited, fine-grained sediments show similar spatio-temporal trends as the water (cumulative archive but more difficult to analyse).

Further research aims:

Spatially and temporally more detailed sampling:

fluxes and clouds

vertical profiles

reservoirs

confluences

Thank you for your attention!

The team:



Alexia, BALLA
sampling, laboratory work,



Ahmed, MOHSEN
modelling



Viktória, BLANKA-VÉGI
Project Coordinator, USZ

Contact info: Dr. Kiss Tímea
[kisstim@gmail.com](mailto:kisstimi@gmail.com)

Aquatic Plastic - an Interreg Danube Region Programme project
co-funded by the European Union. #aqpla, #aquaticplastic

