

The Company



We create value from waste.

The Company

Focus





Sludge Disposal - Current Status

"... wastewater sludge is not waste that has to be disposed, but rather raw material to utilize and renewable source of energy." Hungary's Sludge Treatment and Recovery Strategy (2018-2023) National Water Authority accepted by the Government Decree 1403/2017. (VI. 28.)



The Problem

Scale in Hungary

- 790 WWTPs under 100.000 PE
- 4.5 M PE equivalent
- 100.000 t DS/y



Current disposal cost € 3/y per PE





Sludge disposal represents ca. 30-50 % of WWTP ECS-OPEX (Energy, Chemicals, Sludge)



Disposal has a very high CO₂ footprint



Future legislative barriers will increase costs

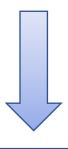


Increase WWTP capacity 30-40% (optional)



The Solution

Waste Sludge



WALUE



Reduce disposal costs



15-25% Energy recovery



Reduce OPEX by 50%



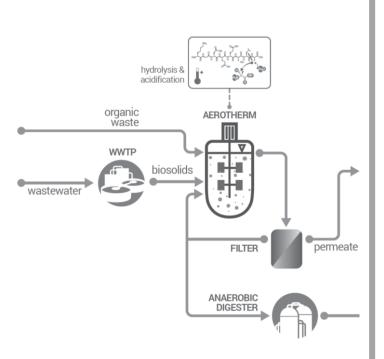
Carbon for Denitrification/P-removal



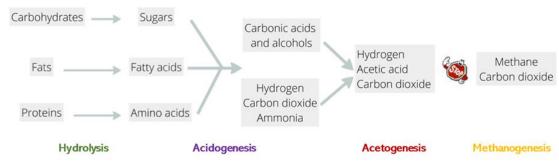
Liquid fertiliser as Product



How does it work?



Anaerobic digestion stopped at the final stage



Sludge converted to readily biodegradable C-source

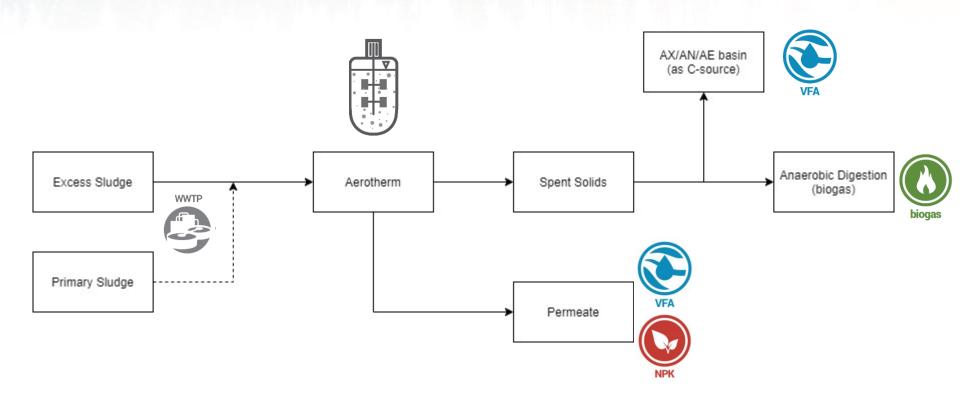
- Reduction in volume and mass
- Easily converted to biogas or
- Enhance denitrification/P-removal



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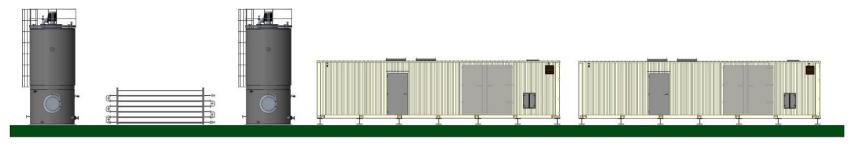
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Process Flow Diagram





Compact design



Feed Tank

Heat Exchanger

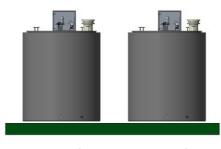
Bioreactor

Equipment Container

MVR Container







NPK Tank

VFA Tank



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Operational plant in Budapest







Mass Balance

Excess sludge

• Flowrate: 20 m³/d

Loading: 1000 kg/d

• DS content: 5%

 Equals to 5 m³/d dewatered sludge

Dewatered sludge

• 2 m³/d

Permeate

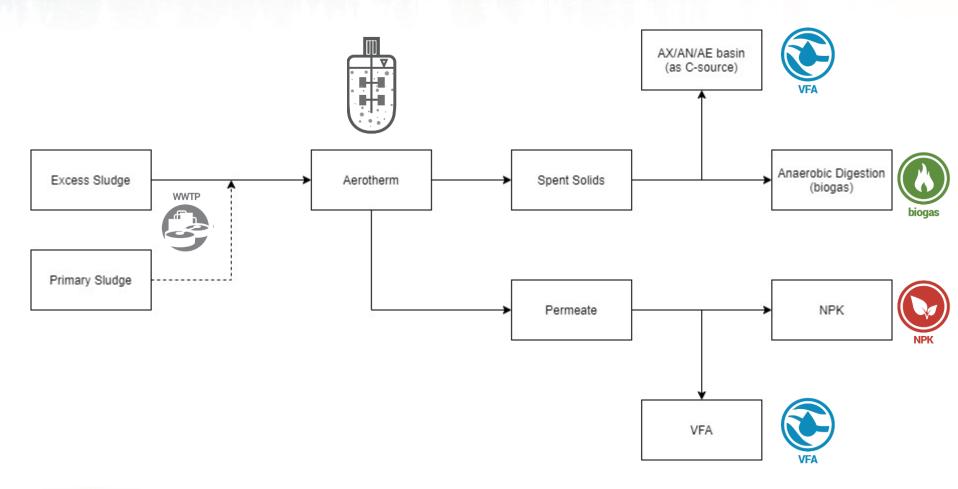
- 6 m³/d
- Liquid fertiliser

Biogas

- 100-150 m³/d
- Can be higher if Primary applied



Next plant in Kecskemét





As part of the GINOP Project





THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!









